Discussing donation

Decided about becoming an organ and tissue donor?
Everyone has their own reasons for deciding whether to become an organ and tissue donor. It is important that the people close to you understand those reasons. Your family need to know your donation decision because they will be asked to give consent.

Families that know each other’s donation decisions are more likely to uphold them. Families that do not know the decision of the deceased are much less likely to agree to donation.

You may think you are too old or unhealthy to be a donor, or that your religion doesn’t support organ and tissue donation. These are common myths and misconceptions.

Discover the facts about organ and tissue donation. This will help you make an informed decision about whether to become an organ and tissue donor. You can register your donation decision online at the Australian Organ Donor Register (www.donorregister.gov.au), call 1800 777 203 or complete a form at any Department of Human Services service centre.

You still need to discuss your decision with your family.

When is a good time to start a family discussion?
Today. You can use every day situations to start a discussion on important life issues, including what to do with your organs and tissues when you die. This might include:

- the next time your family sits down together for a meal
- making a will or advanced health directive
- getting life insurance or income protection
- leaving home for the first time as a young adult
- getting or renewing your driver’s licence
- celebrating an anniversary with your partner
- having a significant birthday: 21, 30, 40, 50 or more
- getting a check-up at the GP
- hearing about someone who has been a donor, needs a transplant or has had a transplant
watching donation and transplantation stories on TV or seeing a media article
seeing or hearing an ad on TV, radio or billboards
seeing a traumatic event in the news
after a friend or family member dies
when children discuss the topic at school.

If you have already had a discussion with your family about your donation decision, these events provide a good opportunity to repeat your decision to ensure they are remembered.

**Why does my family need to know my decision?**

As part of the national reform programme for organ and tissue donation, the family of every potential donor will be asked to give their consent to donation if the situation arises. The request will be made by trained health professionals.

Even if you have registered your decision to be a donor, your family will still be asked to give consent.

The most important thing people want to know in order to decide about a family member becoming a donor is the donation decision of their loved one.

Many Australians have not informed their family of their donation decision. Many family members do not confidently know each other’s donation decision. Many people have not discussed their donation decision with family members in the past 12 months. Many cannot remember.

**It's not my family's business**

Yes it is. Your family will be asked confirm your decision to become a donor when you die.

**I'll think about it later**

Most people who become donors die suddenly and unexpectedly.
I don’t have time. I’m too busy
It does not take long to register your decision on the Australian Organ Donor Register and to have a discussion with your family.

My family won’t understand
Organ and tissue donation is a sensitive subject. The decision to become a donor is a personal and important one. To make the right decision for yourself, you need to have the facts so that your decision is informed. Your family might also need time to discover the facts and make their own decisions.

You can download your Family Discussion Kit on organ and tissue donation at www.donatelife.gov.au

This resource aims to assist your family to have an informed, memorable discussion about each other’s donation decisions.

Did you know…?
- Australia is a world leader for successful transplant outcomes.
- In 2015, 435 organ donors gave 1,241 transplant recipients a new chance in life.
- Australia’s 2015 donation outcomes represent a 76% increase over the 2009 outcomes, the year the DonateLife Network was established.
- In 2015, Australia’s donation rate was 18.3 deceased donors per million population (dpmp), a 61% increase over 11.4 dpmp in 2009.
- More than 60% of families give consent for organ and tissue donation to proceed.
- Around 1,600 people are on Australian organ transplant waiting lists at any one time.
- On average, people on the transplant list must wait between six months and four years.
- The most important thing that helps a family’s decision is their knowing the donation decision of their loved one.
Family discussion
You can help your family and friends have (and remember) the discussion. Visit our website at www.donatelife.gov.au for suggestions on how to start that discussion.

DISCOVER the facts about organ and tissue donation
DECIDE about becoming a donor
DISCUSS your decision with the people close to you.

To donate life, know their donation decision.
Ask them today.

Australian Government
Organ and Tissue Authority

donatelife.gov.au